Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): A <u>capacitor-based biodetector method of for detecting</u> one or more substances of interest comprising:
 - exposing said one or more substances of interest to a detecting device, said device comprising
 - a plurality of nanogaps, one or more nanogaps having one or more probe molecules attached therein and able to attach to said one or more substances of interest;
 - means for exposing said <u>capacitor-based biodetector detecting device</u> to a material suspected to contain said one or more substances of interest; <u>and</u>
 - means for measuring a one or more capacitance or dielectric properties at one or more different frequency ranges of said one or more nanogaps devices; and
 - thereby statically and/or dynamical detecting presence of said one or more substances of interest.
- 2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): A <u>capacitor-based biodetector</u> <u>method of for detecting</u> conformations of one or more substances of interest comprising:
 - exposing said one or more substances of interest to a detecting device, said device comprising a plurality of nanogaps; and
 - means for measuring a capacitance or dielectric properties at different frequency ranges of said one or more nanogaps devices; and
 - thereby statically and/or dynamical detecting conformations or other reaction changes of said one or more substances of interest.
- 3. (WITHDRAWN): A method of fabricating a nanogap device comprising:
 - placing a first selectively removable layer on a substrate surface, said substrate surface defining a horizontal orientation;
 - selectively removing a plurality of channels in said first layer, said channels characterized by a channel width and channel walls substantially vertical to said substrate surface;

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placing a second selectively removable layer over said channels such that said second layer coats vertical sides of said channels without filling said channels, said vertical coating characterized by a vertical coating width;

placing a third layer over said layers such that said third layer fills said channels;

removing a vertical portion to expose a surface comprising regions of said first layer and regions of said third layer separated by regions of said second layer; and

removing said second layer to create a device having regions of said first layer and said third layer separated by gaps having widths largely determined by said vertical coating width.

- 4. (WITHDRAWN): The method of claim 3 further comprising:

 placing a fourth selectively removable layer on said second layer prior to said selectively removing a plurality of channels.
- 5. (WITHDRAWN): The method of claim 3 further comprising: selective removing a horizontal portion of said second layer prior to said placing said third layer.
- 6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodetector method</u> of claim <u>1</u>3 further wherein: said <u>nanogaps are situated on a substrate; and</u> said substrate comprises an upper layer of SiN and a lower layer of Si.
- 7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodetector method</u> of claim <u>63</u> further wherein: said <u>nanogaps are defined by containment walls first and/or said third layer comprisinges</u>
 Poly-Si.
- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodetector method</u> of claim <u>63</u> further wherein: said <u>nanogaps are formed by removing second and/or said fourth layer comprises</u> an oxide.
- 9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodetector method</u> of claim <u>63</u> further wherein: <u>said nanogaps are situated on a substrate; and</u> said substrate comprises any appropriate material for fabricating nanoscale devices.

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mask etching.

- 10. (WITHDRAWN): The method of claim 3 further wherein:
 said first and/or said third layer comprises any material that can be deposited on and
 - selectively removed from said substrate.
- 11. (WITHDRAWN): The method of claim 3 further wherein:
 - said second layer comprises any material that can be deposited so as to provide a layer of appropriate thickness in said channels.
- 12. (WITHDRAWN): The method of claim 3 further wherein: said channel width is a width near a smallest channel width achievable using selective
- 13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodetector method</u> of claim <u>13</u> further wherein: said <u>nanogaps have a vertical coating width and said gap width are of similar sizes of of approximately 50 nm.</u>
- 14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodetector method</u> of claim <u>13</u> further wherein: said <u>nanogaps have a vertical coating width and said gap</u> width <u>are of similar sizes</u> between approximately 5 nm and 100 nm.
- 15. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The method biodector of claim 13 further comprising: attaching self-assembled monolayer (SAM) probe molecules in said gap.; exposing said gaps to material suspected to contain ligands of said probe molecules; and detecting bindings of said ligands to said probe molecules by measuring a capacitance across said gap.
- 16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The method biodector of claim 15 further wherein:

 said self-assembled monolayer (SAM) probe molecules comprise single-strand oligonucleotides;
 - said <u>one or more substances of interest comprising ligands comprising e-one or more suspected complementary single-strand oligonucleotides;</u>
 - said detecting comprises detecting bindings of said ligands to said probe molecules by measuring a capacitance across said gap; and

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said bindings comprise hybridization of said probe molecule and said ligands.

17. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The <u>biodector_method_of claim 15-16 further wherein:</u>

said_self_assembled_monolayer_(SAM) - probe_molecules_comprise_single_strand
oligonucleotides;

said ligands comprise one or more suspected complementary single strand oligonucleotides;

said bindings comprise hybridization of said probe molecule and said ligands;

said probe molecules are in a solid state during detecting;

capacitance is measured at a range of frequency within a range of about 75 kHZ to about 5 MHZ using; two parallel electrodes used—with capacitance measured between them; and

said probe is a relatively short nucleotide probe of 20mer to 40mer.

- 18. (ORIGINAL): A capacitor-based biodetector comprising:
 a plurality of parallel electrodes arranged on a substrate with gaps between them;
 a plurality of receptor probe molecules arranged between said electrodes in said gaps;
 circuitry for measuring capacitance between pairs of said electrodes.
- 19. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further wherein: said gaps are parallel to said substrate.
- 20. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further wherein: said gaps are perpendicular to said substrate.
- 21. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further wherein: said gaps are between 5 to 100 nm.
- 22. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further wherein:
 said probe molecules comprise one or more selected from the group:
 self-assembled monolayers (SAM) in said gaps;
 single-strand oligonucleotides;
 single-strand DNA; or

Appl. No. 10/814,609 Amdt. Dated 8 November 2006 Reply to Office action of 8 September 2006 amino acid templates.

- 23. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further wherein: said probe molecules comprise biologic sequence of between 20 and 60 base pairs.
- 24. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further wherein: said circuitry is able to measure at a range of frequency within a range of about 25 kHZ to about 10 MHZ.
- 25. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 18 further comprising: nanoplumbing features to move substances to appropriate positions of said device.
- 26. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): A nanogap hybrid device comprising:
 a plurality of gap means systematically arranged in an solid state fabricated structure;
 a plurality of receptor molecules arranged in said gaps; and
 means for detecting capacitance across said gaps.
- 27. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): A <u>nanogap hybrid device detector</u> for <u>detecting</u> one or more substances of interest comprising:

a plurality of gap means systematically arranged in a solid state fabricated structure; a plurality of receptor molecules arranged in said gaps; and

means for exposing said one or more substances of interest to an integrated solid state nanogap hybrid detecting device, said device having arranged therein one or more molecules able to attach to said one or more substances of interest;

means for measuring electronic characteristics of interest in small regions of said device; and

means for using measured electronic characteristics to signal the presence of said one or more substances of interest.

28. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): The device according to claim 26 further wherein: said device is creating using novel-nanotechnology batch-fabrication techniques; said device comprises polysilicon chips riddled with nanogap junctions; immobolized within each nanogap is at least one strand of reference single-strand DNA;

- a voltage is applied across one or more of said nanogap junctions and a measurement is taken of capacitance;
- wherein capacitance is determined by the dielectric (insulating) property of the material in the nanogap, which changes as a result of hybridization; and
- wherein detecting is accomplished by adding a sample DNA and measuring a difference of capacitance after hybridization.
- 29. (CURRENTLY AMENDED): A capacitor-based <u>nanogap</u> <u>biodetector</u> device comprising:
 - a plurality of nanogap junctions arrays, each array comprising a plurality of nanogap junctions;
 - a nanofluidic network connecting to said plurality of arrays; and
 - a plurality of electrode connections for connecting electrical signals to said arrays.
- 30. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 29 further comprising: a plurality of receptor probe molecules arranged in said nanogap junctions.
- 31. (ORIGINAL): The device according to claim 29 further comprising:
 a covering over said plurality of arrays, said covering having at least one inlet and at least
 - one outlet.
- 32. (WITHDRAWN): A method of fabricating a nanogap device comprising:
 - placing a first selectively removable electrode layer on a substrate surface, said substrate surface defining a horizontal orientation;
 - selectively removing a portion of said first selectively removable electrode material;
 - attaching a sacrificial molecular layer to a portion of said first electrode material;
 - placing a second selectively removable electrode layer on a substrate surface, said second electrode layer abutting said sacrificial molecular layer;
 - removing said sacrificial molecular layer to form a nanogap channel between said electrode layers.